FUN31 **CRC16 Calculation** FUN31 CRC16 (CRC16) CRC16

-31P.CRC16-Execution control -EN[↑] MD: D=0S:-ERR N:D:

MD: 0, Lower byte of registers to be calculated the CRC16

: 1, Reserved

S: Starting address of CRC16 calculation

N: Length of CRC16 calculation (In Byte)

D: The destination register to store the calculation of CRC16

Register D stores the Upper Byte of CRC16 Register D+1 stores the Lower Byte of CRC16

S , N , D may associate with V , Z index register to serve the indirect addressing application •

- HR ROR DR Κ R5000 R0 DΩ Range R3839 R8071 D3071 MD 0~1 S N \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc 1~256 D
- When execution control "EN" =1 or "EN \uparrow " (P instruction) changes from $0\rightarrow 1$, it will start the CRC16 calculation from the lower byte of S and by the length of N, the result of calculation will be stored into register D and D+1 a
- The output indication "D=0" will be ON if the value of calculation is 0 •
- It will not execute the calculation and the output indication "ERR" will be ON if the length is invalid •
- When communicating with the intelligent peripheral in binary data from at , the CRC16 error detection is used very often; the well known Modbus RTU communication protocol uses this method for error detection of message frame o
- CRC16 is the check value of a Cyclical Redundancy Check calculation performed on the message contents •
- Perform the CRC16 calculation on the received message data and error check value, the result of the calculation value must be 0, it means no error within this message frame •

```
-08P.MOV
     S:D0
     D: V
    -31P.CRC16-
     MD:
                0
                      -D=0-
-FN↑
     S:
               R0
                      ERR-
               D0
     N
     D
              R<sub>0</sub>V
```

Description: When M0 changes from 0→1, it will execute the CRC16 calculation starting from lower byte of R0, the length is assigned by D0, and then stores the CRC value into register R0+V and R0+V+1. It is supposed D0=10, the registers R10 and R11 will store the CRC16 value.

S	
High Byte	Low Byte
Don't care	Byte-0
Don't care	Byte-1
Don't care	Byte-2
Don't care	Byte-3
Don't care	Byte-4
Don't care	Byte-5
Don't care	Byte-6
Don't care	Byte-7
Don't care	Byte-8
Don't care	Byte-9
	High Byte Don't care

	D	
	High Byte	Low Byte
R10	00	CRC-Hi
R11	00	CRC-Lo